SDLCE KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY M.A. (HISTORY) PREVIOUS

PAPER-I:	ANCIENT CIVILIZATIONS
PAPER-II:	HISTORY OF MODERN WORLD (1453-1870 AD)
PAPER-III:	HISTORY OF INDIA (From Earliest times to 1757 AD)
PAPER-IV:	CULTURAL TOURISM IN INDIA
PAPER-V-A:	HISTORY AND CULTURE OF TELANGANA (From Earliest times to 1323 AD)
PAPER-V-B:	OR ECONOMIC HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA (1206-1707 AD)

SDLCE KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY M.A. (HISTORY) PREVIOUS PAPER-I - ANCIENT CIVILIZATIONS

Unit-I: Mesopotamian Civilization – the Significance of Fertile Crescent – Physical and Geographical Factor – The Sumerian and Their State Systems – Its Contribution to Material Culture and Urbanisation – Society – Economy – Religion, Language and Literature – Art –Architecture – Scientific Knowledge.

Egyptian Civilization – Geographical and Physical Factors – The Age of Pyramids – The Imperial Age –Noted Kings and Their Contribution – Economic System – Agriculture – Irrigation, Trade and Commerce – Religion –Growth of Script – Literature – Art –Architecture – Advances in Scientific Knowledge.

- Unit-II: Greek Civilization Geographical Factors and Historical Background Characteristic Features of Greek Society – Polity, Slavery – City States – Athenian Democracy – Greco- Persian Wars – Administration – Greek Language
 – Literature – Architecture – Philosophers – Science and Technology – Significance and Decline
- **Unit-III:** Roman Civilization Rise of Roman Power Great Roman Kings and Their Conquests – Society – Political organization – Administrative Structure Cultural Contribution – Language and Literature – Art and Architecture Monuments – Fall of Roman Empire.
- Unit-IV: Chinese Civilization Geographical and Physical Features Polity, Administration – Social System – Economy – Religion and Philosophy – Taoism – Confucianism and Buddhism – Science and Technology. Japan Civilization – Geographical and Physical Features – Polity -

Administration – Geographical and Physical Features – Pointy – Administration – Social System – Economy – Religion and Philosophy – Shintoism and Buddhism – Science and Technology

 Unit-V: Persian Civilization – Geographical and Physical Features – Polity -Administration – Social System – Economy – Religion and Philosophy – Science and Technology and Decline Arabic Civilization - Polity - Administration – Social System – Economy – Religion and Philosophy – Science and Technology

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Bobbili, A., Ancient Civilizations, Edited, School Distance Learning Continuing Education, Kakatiya University, Warangal
Breasted J.H: Ancient Times, A History of the Early World (Ginn, 1916) Vol.2-5,10
Secheneider .H: The History of World Civilizations from Prehistoric times to the middle ages.
Moret .A: The Nile and Egyptians Civilizations,
Durant .W: The History of Civilizations & Our Oriental Heritage.
Thomdick .L: History of Civilizations Vol. 4-8.
Blackman: History of Human Society, Volumes 9-10
Rostovzeff .M.I: A History of the Ancient World Vol. 1-11, Oxford 1926.

SDLCE KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY M.A. (HISTORY) PREVIOUS PAPER – II- HISTORY OF MODERN WORLD (1453-1870 AD)

Unit-I:	The Revival of Classical Age – Brief Survey of Developments in the 15 th Century - Spirit of Renaissance – Its Social and Intellectual Roots – Significance – Literature and Cultural Contribution – Scientific Knowledge and Intellectual Thought – Reformation and Counter Reformation Movements in Europe – Its Importance – Geographical Discoveries – Merchantalism and Commercial Revolution – Early Colonial Empires by Spain and Portugal – Incorporation of
Unit-II:	Latin America, Africa and Asia – Emergence of World Economic Systems. Rise of Nation States in Europe – England – France Spain – Austria – Russia – Prussia – Autocracy – Enlightened Despotism - Absolutism – Feudalism in Europe and Asia – A Comparative Perspective – Socio- Economic Structures – Administrative Institutions.
Unit-III:	Colonialism in the 18 th Century America – American War of Independence – Causes - Course and Consequences – French Revolution – Causes - Course and Results - Napoleon – Congress of Vienna Revolutions in Europe 1830-1848 – Their Significance – Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism.
Unit-IV:	Industrial Revolution – Its Causes – Inventions – Consequence – Rise of Industrial Capitalism - Labour and Socialist Movements – Colonialism and Imperialism in Asia, Africa.
Unit-V:	Unification Movements in Italy and Germany – Various Stages – Consequences – Impact on National Liberation Movements in Asia.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

Anderson: Modern Europe in World Perspective. C.D.M. Ketelbey: A History of Modern Times

G. Bhadru Naik., History of Modern Europe, A.D.1789 – 1960, Edited, School Distance Learning Continuing Education, Kakatiya University, Warangal

G. Bhadru Naik (Ed)., History of Modern Europe, A.D.1789 – 1960, Telugu text book for M.A. History students, of SDLCE, KU – 2007.

Hughes: Contemporary Europe, A History.

J.M. Roberts: History of the World, New York, 1976.

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Peter Moss: Modern World History, Hampshire, 1978

Robinson and Beard: Readings in Modern European History.

SDLCE KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY M.A. (HISTORY) PREVIOUS PAPER III: HISTORY OF INDIA (From Earliest times to 1757 AD)

- Unit-I: Sources, the Indus Valley Civilization-The city The People Main Features Religion, contacts with West Asia and destruction of the Indus Valley Civilization. Vedic Culture Social, Economic life and Religious Conditions.
 Condition of Northern India in 6th Century B.C. , Social, and Religions conditions Rise of Jainism & Buddhism and Contribution of Jainism and Buddhism to the Indian Culture,
- **Unit-II:** Mauryan period Administration Social Conditions Economic Conditions and the Mauryan Art Asoka's Dharma or Dhamma Causes of the Downfall of the Mauryas.
- Unit-III: Gupta Age Salient Features of Gupta Age Administrative Organization - Socio-Economic and Religious Conditions - Literary Activity - Sciences -Education and Art & Architecture - Fahien's Account - Harshavardhana's Age: - Rajput Culture and Civilization - Social life of the Rajput -Economic Condition - Rajputs Art and Literature.
- **Unit-IV:** Delhi Sultanate-Achievements of Balban, Ala-uddin-Khilji Economic reforms or Regulations - Mohammad-Bin-Tughlak, Administrative Reforms - Collapse of the Delhi Sultanate - Impact of Islam on Hindu Society - Administrate System of the Delhi Sultanate - Socio-Economic Conditions during the Delhi Sultanate - Religious Movements in Medieval India - Bhakti Movement and Sufism.
- Unit-V: The Mughals Sources Babur Humayun The Sur Dynasty Shersha Administration; Akbar Jahangir and Nurjahan Shahjahan Aurangazeb Downfall of the Mughal Empire; Policies of the Mughals Religious, Rajput and Deccan Administration under the Mughals Mansabdari System and Dassala System Socio-Economic and Cultural Conditions Literature, Art & Architecture under the Mughals Rise of Marathas: Shivaji's Administration System. Estimate of Shivaji Peshwas and their Contribution of Maratas

Reference Books

The Cambrige History of India Vol-I V.A. Smith: Asoka. Altekar A.S.: State & Govt. in Ancient India. Mukerji L.W.: Asoka. Romila Thaper: Asoka. R.C. Mazumdar: Advanced History of India. Romila Thaper: History of India Vol. I & II. B.N.Luniya: Cultural History of Ancient India. A.N.Sastry: Comprehensive History of India. (Relavent Volumes)

SDLCE KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY M.A. (HISTORY) PREVIOUS PAPER –IV: CULTURAL TOURISM IN INDIA

Unit-I:	Concept of Tourism-Meaning –Nature-Scope Tourism as an Industry - Relevance of Tourism in Modern Times.
Unit-II:	Natural Resources - Physical Features of India – Mountains – Hills – Rivers - Valleys – Forests - Climate – Deserts – Snow - Beaches - Flora and Fauna.
Unit-III:	Archaeological and Historical Resources - Archaeological Sites - Pre-historic - Proto-historic Caves - Historical Sites - Ancient, Medieval and Modern Structures - Multi-Purpose Projects.
Unit-IV:	Cultural Resources - Important Religions and Religious Centers – Shrines - Pilgrimages Fairs and Festivals - Centers of Yoga and Meditation - Indian Dance Forms - Music - Classical and Folk.
Unit-V:	Handicrafts and Modern Centers - Various Types of Handicrafts - Cane Work - Pottery - Terra-cotta – Carpets - Textiles - Kalankari Brass – Silver - Stone Cutting - Sculpture – Costumes – Ornaments - Art of Cookery, Varieties of Food North Indian Dishes and South Indian Dishes - Art Galleries – Museums - Wild Life Sanctuaries – Zoos - Gardens etc.

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A.K. Bhatia, Tourism Development its Principles and Practices,

Allchin, F.R. Cultural Tourism in India: its Scope and Development, Department of Tourism, Government of India, New Delhi.

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SDLCE KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY M.A. (HISTORY) PREVIOUS PAPER-V-A- HISTORY AND CULTURE OF TELANGANA (From Earliest times to 1323 AD)

- **Unit-I:** Sources Historical Geography of Deccan Telangana Pre-History of Telangana Paleolithic and Neolithic Age Topography Ecology -Environment and Culture.
- **Unit-II:** Ancient Telangana Satavahanas Post-Sathavahana Dynasties Ikshvakas and Abhiras Society Economy Religion and Culture Art and Architecture.
- **Unit-III:** Vakatakas Vishnukundins Ranadurjayas Society Economy Religion Language Literature Art and Architecture.
- Unit-IV: Origin of Chalukyas Badami Rastrakutas Kalyani Chalukyas and their rule over Telangana – Mudigonda – Vemulawada Chalukyas – Society – Economy – Religion – Language – Literature - Art and Architecture.
- **Unit-V:** Kakatiyas Origin Early Kakatiyas and Later Kakatiyas (Ganapathideva to Prataparudra) Administration Society Economy Agriculture –Irrigation Trade and Commerce Literature Art and Architecture.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

G.Yazdani,Early History of Deccan,2 Vols.
K.Satyanarayana,A Study of History and Culture of Andhras, Vol.I&II.
Suravaram Pratapa Reddy, Andrula Sanghika Charitha (Telugu).
M.Rama Rao, Andhra Through the Ages.
K.Gopalachary,Early History of Andhra Community.
Parabrahma Sastry, The Kakatiyas.
B.N.Sastry, Recharla Padmanayukulu (Telugu).
B.N.Sastry, Golkonda Charitha-Samskruthi Sasanalu (Telugu).
B.N.Sastry, Vemulawada Charitha Sasanalu (Telugu)

Teala Satyanarayana Sarma, Rachakonda Charithramu (Telugu).

Sunki Reddy Narayana Reddy, Telangana Charitha (Telugu).

SDLCE KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY M.A. (HISTORY) PREVIOUS PAPER–V-B: ECONOMIC HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA (1206-1707 A.D)

- Unit-I: Economy of the Delhi Sultanate Revenue Administration Fiscal Policy -Income and Expenditure - Southern States, Their Economy Sources of Income and State Expenditure - Developmental Activities for the Rise in Resources -Economic Life in the Villages - City Economy - Irrigation in Sultanate-Agriculture and Horticulture - Methods of Cultivation and Crops grown-Irrigation in Southern States - Land Reclamation, Development of Agriculture and Horticulture - Agricultural Seasons, Methods of Cultivation and Crops grown.
 Unit-II: Industry in Sultanate – Village Manufacture and Cottage Industries,
- Karkhanas, Textile Manufacture, Metal Industry, Leather Works, Stone Works etc. - Industries in South India - Agro-Based Industries like Textiles and Oils -Artisan Products - Trade and Commerce: Trading Classes - Inland and Coastal Trade, Over-seas Trade - Means of Transport and Communication - Weights Measures and Coins - Prices and Famines.
- Unit-III: The Environment, Population, Land under Cultivation The Land Man Ratio Its Influence on Agrarian Relations. Characteristics of Peasant Farming Technology Irrigation Differentiation Among Peasants The Village Community Self-Sufficiency Production for Market The Peasant Society. Genesis and Composition of the Zamindars. Property Right and Role in Land Revenue Collection Zamindar's, Retainers Zamindar and Peasants. Land Revenue: the Nature and Magnitude. Methods of Assessment & Collection. Effects of Land Revenue on Agriculture and Village Economy. The Revenue Collecting Officers (Muquaddams, Chaudharis, Quanungoes, Amins)
- Unit-IV: The Revenue Assignments System: Khalsa & Jagirs. The Mansabdar's Salary Claims (Talab) and Estimated Revenue (Jama). Organization of Production; Merchants & Workers; Karkhanas, Local Trade: its Organizations, Main Routes and Means of Transport the Banjars and other Merchants.
- **Unit-V:** Foreign Trade: the Composition of Indian Export The Size of Bullion Imports -Other Economic Effects - The Agrarian Crisis - Factors behind; Increase in Land Revenue Collection, Agricultural Decline. The Agrarian Revolts: Zamindars and Peasants; Consequence of the Uprisings.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

A.A. Tchiror, India's changing Economic Structure 16th to 18th Centuries.
R. Champakalakshmi, Trade and Ideology and Urbanization.
Burtein Stein, Peasant, State, Society in Medieval South Indian.
K.N. Chitnis, Socio-economic History of Medieval India.
K.N. Choudary, Trade and Civilization in Indian Ocean.
Omprakash, European Commercial Enterpries the Pre-colonial India.
Sanjay Subramaniam, Political Economy of South India.
W.H. Moreland, Agrarian System of Muslim India.
Tapan Raychoudari & Irfan Habib, The Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol.I.
Irfan Habib, The Agrarian system under Mughals.
Yousuf Hussain, Glimpses of Medieval Indian Culture.
T.V. Mahalingam, The Social and Economic conditions,
Siddiqui, N.H., Land Revenue Administration under the Mughals.
John. F. Richards, The Imperial Monetary system of Mughal India.